



Knowledge Organisers Y7



Term 3



Main Ideas:

- ✓ To name school subjects.
- ✓ To give opinions about subjects.
- ✓ To revise parts of the verbs AVOIR and FAIRE.



Verb Table



Key Verbs: Present

Je m'appelle...
I am called...

J'aime.../J'adore....
I like.../I love....

Tu étudies...
You study....

Je n'aime pas...
I don't like.....

J'éudie...
I study

Je déteste....
I hate....

Je n' éudie pas de...
I don't study...

Key verbs: Future

Nous éudions...
We study...

Je voudrais éudier....
I would like to study.....

J'aimerais éudie....
I would like to study....

Je détesterais éudier....
I would hate to study

Je n'aimerais pas éudier...
I would not like to study.....

School subjects: les matières

Le français	French
Le dessin	Art
Le théâtre	drama
Le sport	PE/Sport
La musique	music
La technologie (techno)	DT
La géographie	Geography
L'histoire	History
L'informatique	IT
L'anglais	English
Les sciences	Science
Les maths	Maths



Intensifiers:

Assez	quite/fairly
Vraiment	really
Très	very

Opinions:

C'est amusant	It is fun
C'est facile	It is easy
C'est difficile	It is difficult
C'est ennuyeux	It is boring
Le prof est sympa	The teacher is nice/kind.
Le prof est trop sévère	The teacher is too strict.
Nous avons beaucoup de devoirs.	We have too much homework.
C'est ma matière préférée	It is my favourite subject.



Key questions:

Que fais-tu comme matières?

Qu'est-ce que tu étudies?

Quelle est ta matière préférée?

Que penses-tu de.....?

Qu'est ce que tu aimes comme matières?

What subjects do you do?

What subjects do you study?

What is your favourite subject?

What do you think about?

What subjects do you like?



Phonic Focus:

je	juh
Ai	ay
Oi	wah



With J' such as on J'étudie remember to make the liaison.

Secret spelling tips:

Technologie

ends with gie and not a Y.



Grammar Recall:

School subjects and the definite article:

When you use the verb étudier with school subjects then the article is left in the sentence:

Eg: J'étudie l'anglais.

I study English

J'étudie les maths.

I study Maths

This is important as in English the definite article (word for the) is not used.

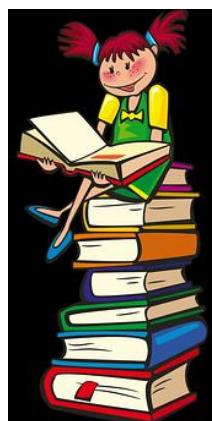
Likewise, when giving an opinion about a school subject the definite article is added in:

Eg: J'adore l'histoire.

I love History

Eg: Je n'aime pas la technologie.

I don't like technology.



Main Ideas:

- ✓ To revise numbers 1-20.
- ✓ To learn the numbers 20-60
- ✓ To describe your timetable using the 24hour clock.



Verb Table



Key Verbs: Present

Je m'appelle...

I am called...

Le cour commence à...

The lesson starts at....

Tu étudies...

You study....

Les cours commencent à....

Lessons start at....

J'éudie...

I study

Le cour finit à.....

The lesson finishes at....

Je n' éudie pas de...

I don't study...

Les cours finissent à....

Lessons end at....

Nous éudions...

We study...

Je commence à....

I start at....

J'ai....

I have...

Je finis à...

I finish at...

Je n'ai pas de....

I don't have...

Must know numbers:

5	10	15	20
cinq	dix	quinze	vingt
25	30	35	40
vingt-cinq	trente	trente-cinq	quarante
45	50	55	60
quarante-cinq	cinquante	cinquante-cinq	soixante

The twenty Four hour clock:

The 24 hour clock is always used in French when describing a timetable.

You must be confident with numbers from 1-60.

Eg: 8:45

Is written as **8h45** in French and is said **huit heures quarante-cinq**

Eg: 9:25

Is written as **9h25** in French and is said **neuf heures vingt-cinq**



Main Ideas:

- ✓ To describe your teachers – personality and appearance.
- ✓ To give opinions about your teachers.
- ✓ To revise parts of the verbs AVOIR and ETRE.



Verb Table



Key Verbs: Present

Il s'appelle...

He is called called...

Ils ont...

They have....

Elle s'appelle....

She is called....

Elles ont...

They have....

Il est....

He is

J'aime.../J'adore....

I like.../I love....

Elle est...

She is...

Je n'aime pas...

I don't like.....

Ils sont...

They are...

Je déteste....

I hate....

Elles sont...

They are...

Il a....

He has....

Elle a...

She has...

School Teachers: descriptions

Les yeux bleus

blue eyes

Les yeux verts

green eyes

Les yeux marron

brown eye

Les cheveux blonds

blond hair

Les cheveux bruns

brown hair

Les cheveux noirs

black hair

Sympa

kind/nice

Amusant(e)

fun/funny

Intéressant(e)

interesting

sportif(ve)

sporty

Heureux (euse)

happy

Paresseux (euse)

lazy

Intensifiers:

Assez

quite/fairly

Vraiment

really

Très

very

Tellement

so

Trop

too

Opinions:

Le prof est sympa

The teacher is nice/kind.

Le prof est trop sévère

The teacher is too strict.

Nous avons beaucoup de devoirs.

We have too much homework.

C'est ma matière préférée

It is my favourite subject.



Key questions:

Qui est ton prof préféré?
Tu aimes ton prof de maths?
Pourquoi?

Who is your favourite teacher?
Do you like your Maths teacher?
Why?



Phonic Focus:

There are a lot of adjectives being used in this topic.
Check which endings are silent and which are sounded – the last “t” / “d” in the masculine and the feminine form.



Secret spelling tips:

Il s'appelle
Heureux
Grand

Double P! Double L!
Remember the first “H”
A and not O

Check for accents carefully!



Grammar Recall:

Word order:

You must remember that in French you say “my teacher of...” instead of “my French teacher”.

Eg: My French teacher is very kind.

Mon prof de français est très sympa.



Impress and succeed:

Je ne comprends rien!
Il est le meilleur!
Elle est la meilleure!

I don't understand anything!
He is the best!
She is the best!

Il m'aide!
Elle m'aide!

He helps me!
She helps me!



Main Ideas:

- ✓ To learn items of school uniform.
- ✓ To revise colours and agreements.
- ✓ To revise ER verbs and learn the verb DEVOIR
- ✓ To revise structures for describing a photo.



Verb Table

Key Verbs: Present

Je porte...

I wear...

Je dois...

I have to....

Elle porte....

She wears....

Il doit...

He has to....

Il porte....

He wears....

Elle doit....

She has to....

Nous portons...

We wear...

Il doit...

He has to.....

Ils portent...

They wear...

Nous devons....

We have to....

Elles portent...

They wear...

Ils/elles doivent....

They have to...

Je voudrais porter...

I would like to wear....

Je dois porter....

I have to wear...

Nous devons porter...

We have to wear.....

School Uniform: Items of uniform

un uniforme
un pantalon
un jean
un pull
un collant
une jupe
une chemise
une cravate
une veste
des chaussures
des chaussettes

a uniform
trousers
a pair of jeans
a jumper
a pair of tights
a skirt
a shirt
a tie
a blazer
shoes
socks



School Uniform: Opinions

A mon avis

In my opinion

C'est pratique!

It is practical

C'est ennuyeux!

It is boring

C'est confortable!

It is comfortable!

Ce n'est pas pratique!

It is not practical!

Ce n'est pas ennuyeux!

It is not boring!

Ce n'est pas confortable!

It is not comfortable!



Key questions:

Qui est ton prof préféré?
Tu aimes ton prof de maths?
Pourquoi?

Who is your favourite teacher?
Do you like your Maths teacher?
Why?



Phonic Focus:

There are a lot of adjectives being used in this topic.

Check which endings are silent and which are sounded – the last “t” / “s” in the masculine and the feminine form.



Secret spelling tips:

Des chaussures	Double SS!
Des chaussettes	Double SS and double TT”
Cravate	One T
Je porte	Remember to write the E

Impress and succeed:

Tout le monde se rassemble!	Everybody looks the same!
On sait quoi mettre!	You know what to wear!
On perd son individualité	You lose your individuality!



Grammar Recall: Colours

Word order:

You must remember that in French the colour comes after the item of clothing.

Eg; un pantalon bleu a pair of blue trousers

Adjectives:

Colours are in fact adjectives as they describe the noun (the item of uniform). Use the table below to help you to find the correct agreement.

Masc. sing.	Masc. pl.	Fem.sing.	Fem.pl
bleu	bleus	bleue	bleues
vert	verts	verte	vertes
gris	gris	grise	grises
noir	noirs	noire	noires
violet	violets	violette	violettes
blanc	blancs	blanche	blanches
jaune	jaune	Jaune	jaune
rose	rose	rose	rose
rouge	rouge	rouge	rouge
orange	orange	orange	orange
marron	marron	marron	marron
bleu clair	bleu clair	bleu clair	bleu clair
bleu foncé	bleu foncé	bleu foncé	bleu foncé



Main Ideas:

- ✓ To revise free-time activities using the present tense.



Activities



Key Verbs: Present

Je fais du sport.
I play/do sport.

Je joue au foot.
I play football.

Je fais du shopping.
I go/do shopping.

Je joue au tennis.
I play tennis.

Je fais de la danse....
I go/do dancing.

Je joue au rugby.
I play rugby.

Je fais mes devoirs...
I do my homework.

Je surfe sur l'Internet.
I surf the net.

Je fais du vélo...
I cycle/go cycling.

Je parle au Zoom.
I talk on Zoom.

Je fais de la cuisine...
I cook.



Je fais de la natation.
I swim.

Je fais du skate.
I skateboard.

Opinions:

formidable
intéressant
cool
nul
terrible
ridicule
amusant

great
interesting
cool
rubbish
terrible
ridiculous
fun/funny



Intensifiers:

Assez
Vraiment
Très

quite/fairly
really
very

Connectives

Et
Car
Parce que

and
because
because

Expressions of time/frequency

D'habitude
Normalement
Souvent
Quelquefois
Après le collège

usually
normally
often
sometimes
after school



Key questions:

Que fais-tu après le collège?

What do you do after school?



Phonic Focus:

AI
S
É
JE

ay
often silent at the end of JE FAIS
ay
JUH not JAY



Secret spelling tips:

Check for accents carefully!



Grammar Recall: Colours

FAIRE:

Je fais
Tu fais
Il fait
Elle fait
Nous faisons
Vous faites
Ils font
Elles font

I do/make/go
You do/makes/goes –informal
He does/makes/goes
She does/makes/goes
We do/make/go
You do/make/go –formal
They do/make/go – boys/boys and girls
They do/make/go –girls only



ER Verb endings:

Je jouE
Tu jouES
Il jouE
Elle jouE
Nous jouONS
Vous jouEZ
Ils jouENT
Elles jouENT



Main Ideas:

- ✓ To talk about potential careers.
- ✓ To revise the verb ALLER so that you can form the immediate future.



Verb Table



Key Verbs: Present

Je vais être...

I am going to be....

Tu vas être.... .

You are going to be

Il va être.....

He is going to be...

Elle va être.....

She is going to be....

Nous allons être.....

We are going to be....

Vous allez être.....

You are going to be....

Ils vont être....

They are going to be....

Elles vont être....

They are going to be....



Jobs:

PDG
professeur
avocat
comptable
médecin
maçon
plombier
ingénieur
coiffeur/coiffeuse
youtubeur/Youtuber
cuisinier/cuisinière

CEO
Teacher
Lawyer
Accountant
Doctor
Builder
Plumber
Engineer
Hairdresser
Youtuber
Cook/Chef

Opinions:

formidable
intéressant
cool
nul
terrible
ridicule
amusant

great
interesting
cool
rubbish
terrible
ridiculous
fun/funny



Intensifiers:

Assez
Vraiment
Très

quite/fairly
really
very

Connectives

Et
Car
Parce que

and
because
because

Key questions:

Qu'est-ce que tu voudrais être?



What do you want to be?

Phonic Focus:

AI
S
JE

ay
At the end of VAIS not silent when
followed by être
JUH not JAY

Secret spelling tips:

Check that you are using the correct job form – masculine/feminine.



Grammar Recall: The immediate future

When you are talking about what you are going to be in the future you can use the immediate future tense.

This tense has the meaning of going to do or be something.

It is formed in two parts.

A: The correct part of the verb ALLER (the going part)

Je vais	I am going
Tu vas	You are going (informal)
Il va	He is going
Elle va	She is going
Nous allons	We are going
Vous allez	You are going (formal)
Ils vont	They are going
Elles vont	They are going

B: Add the infinitive – être

Je vais être comptable.

I am going to be an accountant.

* Please note that in French the indefinite article the word for (a/an) is usually omitted before the job unlike in English.

Main Ideas:

- ✓ Name drinks
- ✓ Order drinks in a café or a bar.



Key Verbs: Present

J'aime...

I like...

Je déteste...

I hate...

Je n'aime pas....

I don't like...

C'est....

It is....

Key Phrases

Merci.

Thank you

S'il vous plait.

Please.

J'aime le gout.

I like the taste.

C'est délicieux.

It is delicious.

L'addition s'il vous plait

The bill please

Key Questions:

Vous désirez?

C'est tout?

C'est combien?



What would you like?

Is that everything?

How much is it?

Key Verbs: Present

Je voudrais....

I would like.....

J'aimerais....

I would like....

Je détesterais...

I would hate...

Key verbs: The conditional



Key Phrases

C'est dégoûtant.

It is disgusting.

C'est dégueulasse.

It is disgusting.

C'est tout.

That is everything.

Mon ami voudrait...

My friend would like..

C'est ma boisson préférée.

It is my favourite drink.

Key Nouns:drinks

Un fanta

a Fanta

Un orangina

a Orangina

Un coca

a Coca –Cola

Un coca light

a diet Coca-Cola

Un jus d'orange

a orange juice

Un milkshake à la fraise

a strawberry milkshake

Un thé

a tea

Un café

a coffee

Un crème

a white coffee

Un chocolat chaud

a hot chocolate

Un verre de vin

a glass of red wine

Un citron pressé

freshly squeezed lemon juice

Une bière

a beer

Une pression

beer (draft)

Une limonade

a lemonade



Key Phonics

É

ay



Main Ideas:

- ✓ Understand the Euro.
- ✓ Learn the numbers from 1-100

**Key Questions:**

Vous désirez?
C'est tout?
C'est combien?



What would you like?
Is that everything?
How much is it?

**Les Chiffres 1-100**

0 zéro	10 dix	20 vingt	30 trente
1 un	11 onze	21 vingt-et-un	31 trente-et-un
2 deux	12 douze	22 vingt-deux	32 trente-deux
3 trois	13 treize	23 vingt-trois	33 trente-trois
4 quatre	14 quatorze	24 vingt-quatre	34 trente-quatre
5 cinq	15 quinze	25 vingt-cinq	35 trente-cinq
6 six	16 seize	26 vingt-six	36 trente-six
7 sept	17 dix-sept	27 vingt-sept	37 trente-sept
8 huit	18 dix-huit	28 vingt-huit	38 trente-huit
9 neuf	19 dix-neuf	29 vingt-neuf	39 trente-neuf
40 quarante	50 cinquante	60 soixante	70 soixante-dix
41 quarante-et-un	51 cinquante-et-un	61 soixante-et-un	71 soixante-et-onze
42 quarante-deux	52 cinquante-deux	62 soixante-deux	72 soixante-douze
43 quarante-trois	53 cinquante-trois	63 soixante-trois	73 soixante-treize
44 quarante-quatre	54 cinquante-quatre	64 soixante-quatre	74 soixante-quatorze
45 quarante-cinq	55 cinquante-cinq	65 soixante-cinq	75 soixante-quinze
46 quarante-six	56 cinquante-six	66 soixante-six	76 soixante-seize
47 quarante-sept	57 cinquante-sept	67 soixante-sept	77 soixante-dix-sept
48 quarante-huit	58 cinquante-huit	68 soixante-huit	78 soixante-dix-huit
49 quarante-neuf	59 cinquante-neuf	69 soixante-neuf	79 soixante-dix-neuf

80 quatre-vingts	90 quatre-vingt-dix
81 quatre-vingt-un	91 quatre-vingt-onze
82 quatre-vingt-deux	92 quatre-vingt-douze
83 quatre-vingt-trois	93 quatre-vingt-treize
84 quatre-vingt-quatre	94 quatre-vingt-quatorze
85 quatre-vingt-cinq	95 quatre-vingt-quinze
86 quatre-vingt-six	96 quatre-vingt-seize
87 quatre-vingt-sept	97 quatre-vingt-dix-sept
88 quatre-vingt-huit	98 quatre-vingt-dix-huit
89 quatre-vingt-neuf	99 quatre-vingt-dix-neuf

LES GRANDS NOMBRES

100 cent	800 huit-cent
101 cent-un	900 neuf-cent
200 deux-cent	1.000 mille
202 deux-cent-deux	2.000 deux-mille
300 trois-cent	10.000 dix-mille
305 trois-cent-cinq	100.000 cent-mille
400 quatre-cent	1.000.000 un-million
500 cinq-cent	2.000.000 deux-millions
600 six-cent	1.000.000.000 un-milliard
700 sept-cent	2.000.000.000 deux-milliards

Key Phonics

eu



euh

S

silent at the end of a word

X

silent at the end of a word

T

silent at the end of a word

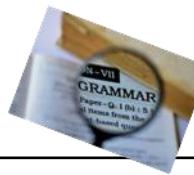


Main Ideas:

- ✓ To talk about what I like to eat and drink.
- ✓ To revise opinions and to learn the verbs MANGER and BOIRE.



Verb Table



Key Verbs: Present

Je mange...

I eat....

Je voudrais manger....

I would like to eat.....

Je bois.... .

I drink

Je ne voudrais pas manger....

I would not like to eat.....

J'aime...

(I like...)

Ce serait...

It would be...



J'adore...

(I love)

Je déteste...

(I hate...)

Je préfère

(I prefer....)

C'est...

(It is....)

Key nouns: Food and drink

du poulet
du poisson
du jambon
du lait
du café
du thé
du coca
des pommes
des fraises
des raisins
des pommes de terres
des petits pois
des frites
un hamburger
une pizza

some chicken
some fish
some ham
some milk
some coffee
some tea
some coca-cola
some apples
some strawberries
some grapes
some potatos
some peas
some chips
a hamburger
a pizza



Opinions:

bon/ne/s
excellent/e/s
délicieux/euse
dégoutant/e/s
sucré/e/s
mauvais pour la santé
bon pour la santé

good
excellent
delicious
disgusting
sweet/sugary
bad for your health
good for your health



Intensifiers:

Assez
Vraiment
Très

quite/fairly
really
very

Key questions:

Qu'est -ce que tu manges?

Qu'est-ce que tu bois?

Qu'est-ce que tu aimes manger et boire?

What do you eat?

What do you drink?

What do you like to eat and drink?



Phonic Focus:

JE

Mange

Bois

JUH not JAY

Juh sound at the end rather than a g one

Wah sound and a silent s



Secret spelling tips:

Check for accents carefully!

Check when to use le/la/les or du/de la/ des



Grammar Recall: Opinions

Opinions:

You must remember that in French unlike in English it is usual to say I like the chips. Therefore, you must use the definite article (le/la/les) in these cases.

Eg: J'aime la pizza.

J'adore les frites

Manger et boire

In French when you use either the verb manger or boire with either food or drink then in most cases you must use du/ de la/ des rather than le/ la / les.

Eg: Je mange du poulet (the le changes to du as it is masculine)

Je mange la fraise. (the la changes to de la as it is feminine)

Je mange des pommes. (the les changes to des as it is plural)

Main Ideas:

- ✓ Name shops
- ✓ Buy items at the market.

**Key Verbs: Present****Je vais....**

I go/I am going....

Nous allons....

We go/are going....

J'ai besoin de/d'...

I need...

C'est....

It is....

Key Phrases**Merci.**

Thank you

S'il vous plaît.

Please.

J'aime le goût.

I like the taste.

C'est délicieux.

It is delicious.

C'est tout.

That is everything.

Key Questions:**Vous désirez?****C'est tout?****C'est combien?**

What would you like?

Is that everything?

How much is it?

Key verbs: The conditional**Je voudrais....**

I would like.....

**Key verbs: Infinitive structure****Pour acheter....**

I order to buy....

**Key Nouns: Shops**

la boucherie

Butcher's

la boulangerie

Baker's

la patisserie

Cake shop

la charcuterie

Delicatessen

la fromagère

Cheese shop

la poissonnerie

Fishmonger's

le marché

Market

le supermarché

Supermarket

le marchand de fruits

Green grocer's

**Key Quantities**

un kilo

a kilo

un demi-kilo

a half kilo

une livre de

500 grams of

une boîte de

a tin of....

une bouteille de

a bottle of...

un paquet de

a packet of

un pot de

a pot of...

**Key Phonics**

É

ay

Je

Juh

I

ee

È

euh

Grammar Recall:

Au, à la, aux

These are used to mean to the or at the in French and are used with Aller when you say where you are going.

Au is used with masculine nouns (le words).

À la is used with feminine nouns (la words).

Aux is used with plural nouns (les words).

For example:

Le supermarché Je vais au supermarché.

La boucherie Je vais à la boucherie.

Les magasins Je vais aux magasins.



The verb ALLER

Je vais

Tu vas

Il va

Elle va

Nous allons

Vous allez

Ils vont

Elles vont

I am going

You are going (informal)

He is going

She is going

We are going

You are going (formal)

They are going

They are going



Main Ideas:

- ✓ To order food and drink in a restaurant.



Key Questions:

Vous désirez?
C'est tout?
C'est combien?



What would you like?
Is that everything?
How much is it?

Key Verbs: Present

J'aime...

I like...

Je déteste...

I hate...

Je n'aime pas....

I don't like...

C'est....

It is....

Key Phrases



Merci.

Thank you

S'il vous plait.

Please.

J'aime le gout.

I like the taste.

C'est délicieux.

It is delicious.

L'addition s'il vous plait

The bill please

C'est dégoûtant.

It is disgusting.

C'est dégueulasse.

It is disgusting.

C'est tout.

That is everything.

Mon ami voudrait...

My friend would like..

C'est ma boisson préférée.

It is my favourite drink.

Key verbs: The conditional

Je voudrais....

I would like.....

Je voudrais commander....

I would like to order....



Key Nouns: food and drink

une salade aux tomates
du paté
les escargots
les cuisses de grenouilles
le poulet rôti
le poisson
les frites
les légumes
la tarte aux pommes
la mousse au chocolat
la glace
un vin blanc
un vin rouge
l'eau minérale

a tomato salad
some paté
snails
frogs legs
roast chicken
fish
chips
vegetables
apple tart
chocolate mousse
ice-cream
white wine
red wine
mineral water

Key Phonics

É

ay

J'ai

Jay

Je

Juh

Il

ee

